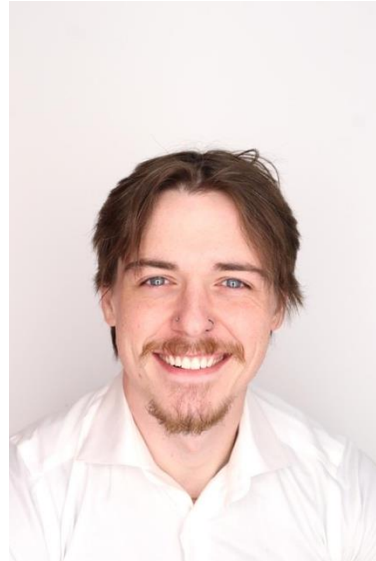


Boeing Underwater Glider **Team 502**

October 8, 2024

Jake Burns, Tristan Hardy, Nicolas Lorin, Justin Sepulveda, Martin White

Team Introductions



Justin Sepulveda

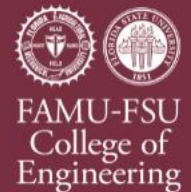
Jake Burns
Simulations Engineer

Tristan Hardy
Modeling Engineer

Nicolas Lorin
Controls Engineer

Justin Sepulveda
Systems Engineer

Martin White
Materials Engineer



Sponsor and Advisor

Justin Sepulveda



Project Sponsor
Shawn Butler



Project Sponsor
JaQuan Young



Academic Advisor
Shayne McConomy



Faculty Advisor
Kourosh Shoele

Objective

Justin Sepulveda

The objective of this project is to conduct deep water oceanographic surveys using a submersible vehicle.

The Importance of Surveys



Ocean Currents

- Carries marine life.
- Affects movement of shipping.



Weather Observation

- Hazardous storms.
- Potential to save lives & mitigate damage.



Temperature Measurements

- Detection of climate change.
- Prediction of future weather events.

Justin Sepulveda

Methods of Oceanographic Surveying

Pros

Cons

Satellite Remote Sensing

- Wide coverage
- Frequent monitoring.
- Resolution limitations.
- Depth limitations.

Buoys and Moorings

- Minimal environmental impact.
- Cost effective.
- Limited range.
- Regular maintenance required.

Ship-Based Surveying

- High resolution.
- Versatile sampling.
- Expensive to operate.
- Weather dependent.

Justin Sepulveda

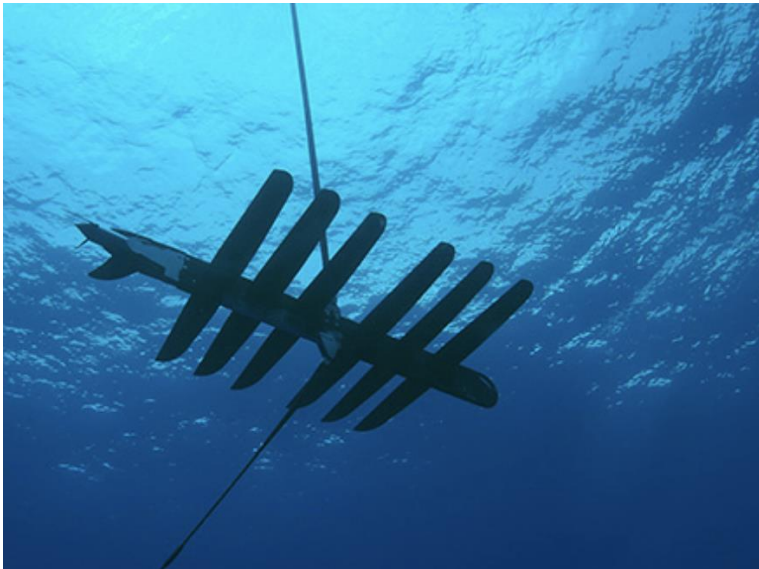
What is an underwater glider?



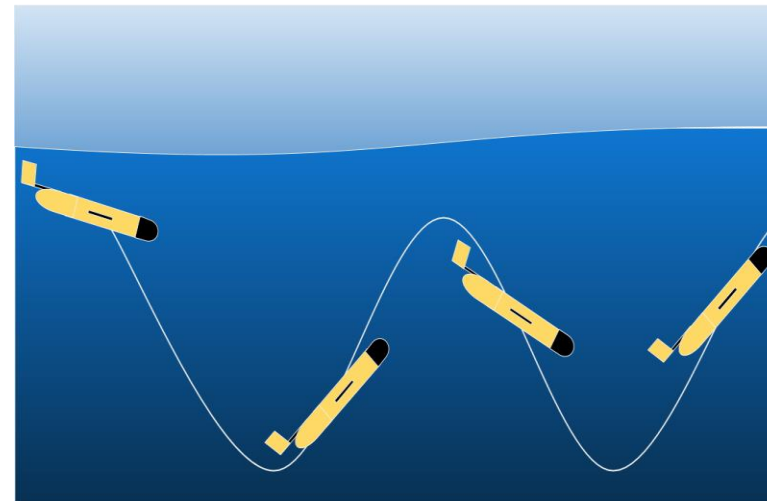
Underwater gliders are unmanned submersible vehicles.



Low energy usage allows for long range and mission duration.



"Wave Glider." *The Boeing Company*,
<https://www.boeing.com/defense/autonomous-systems/wave-glider#overview>.



Hockley, Christopher, and Brian Butka. "Going Deep to Go Far: How Dive Depth Impacts Seaglider Range." *Earthzine*, 7 Jan. 2021, earthzine.org/going-deep-to-go-far-how-dive-depth-impacts-seaglider-range/.

Justin Sepulveda

Key Goals



Energy efficiency



Data collection



Motion



Durability

Justin Sepulveda

Assumptions

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No payload.



Members will have proper training.

Markets

Primary Market



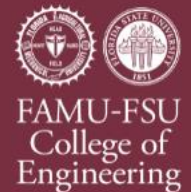
Secondary Markets



Seadrill

NDIA

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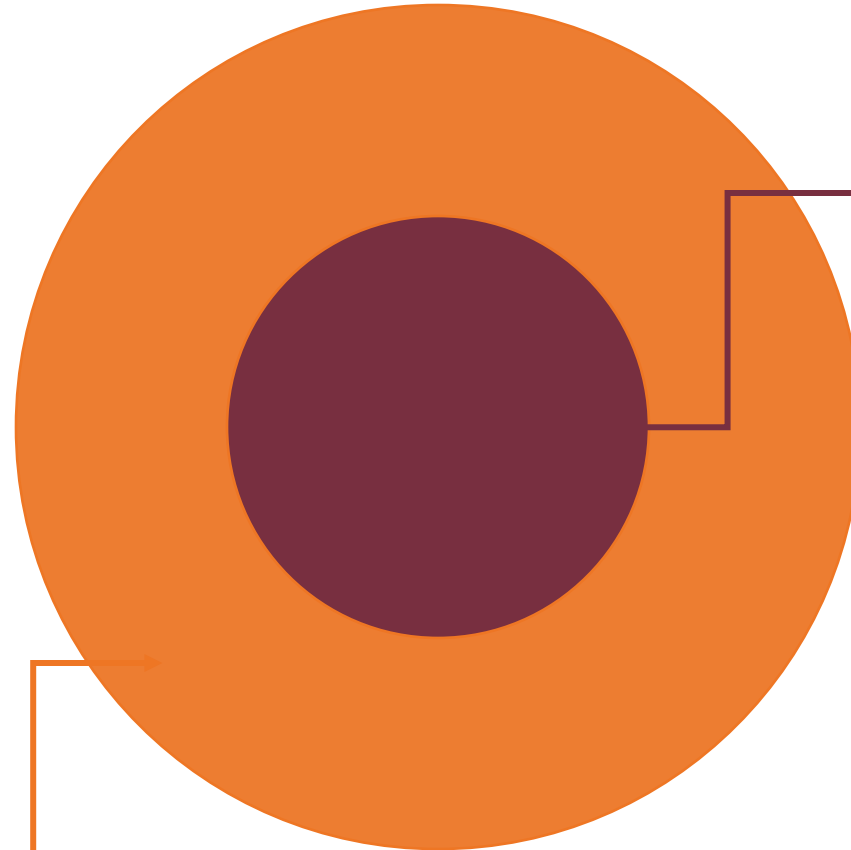


Stakeholders

Jake Burns

External

- FAMU-FSU College of Engineering
 - Faculty Advisors
 - Machine Shop
- Coast Guard



Internal

- Team 502
- Teaching Staff
 - Dr. McConomy
 - Teaching Assistants
- Boeing

Customer Needs

Jake Burns



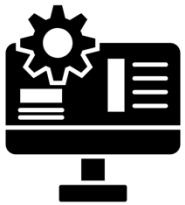
Motion

- Operates at a range of depths (6 feet).
- Ascends and descends through water column.
- Glider cost of transport is minimized.



Sensing Capabilities

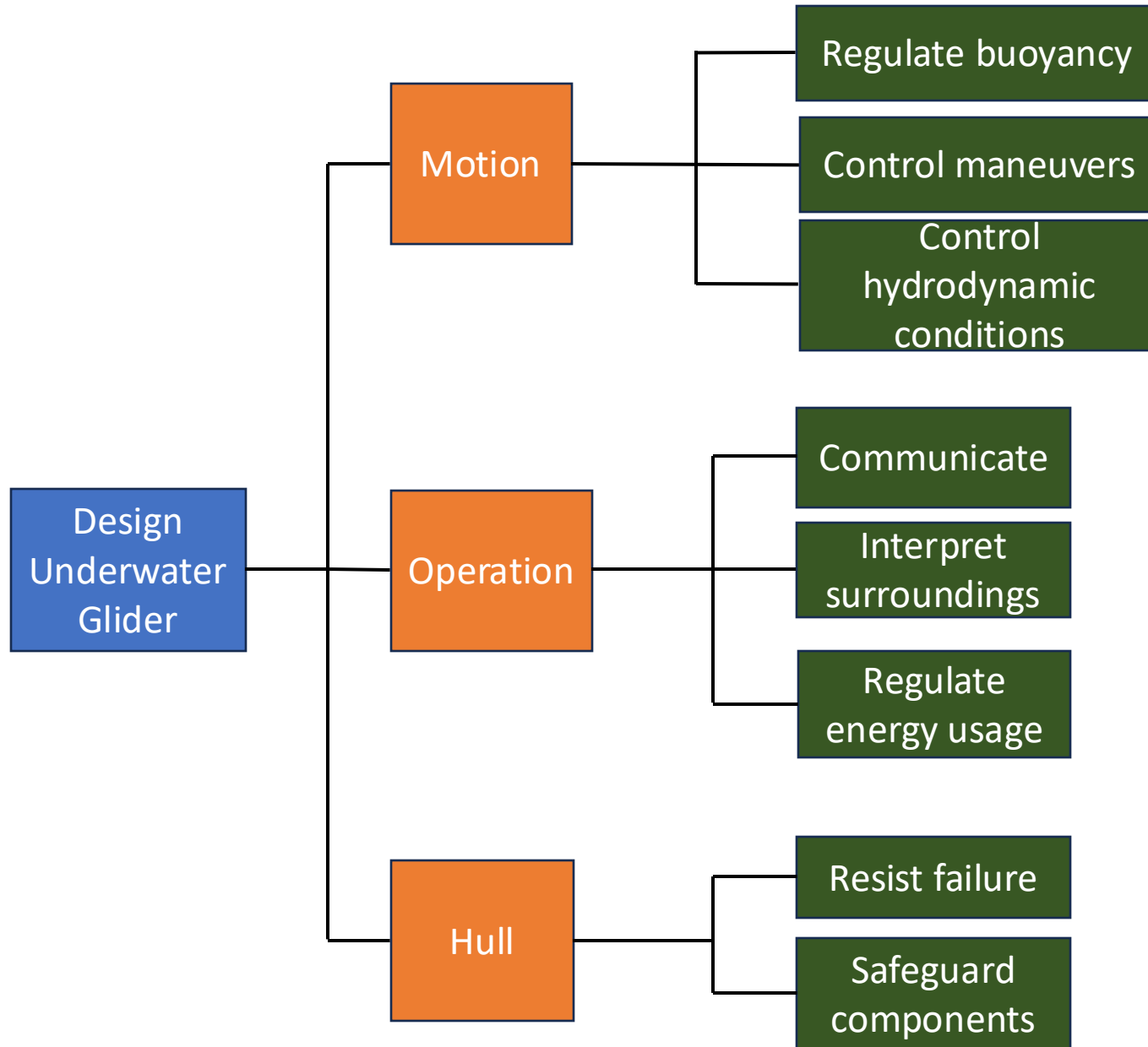
- Collects data about surrounding environment to report to user.
- Processes data to make real-time motion adjustments.



Simulation

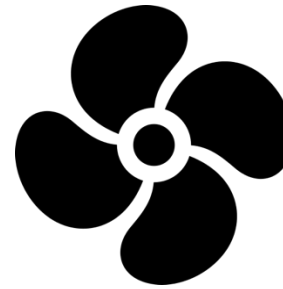
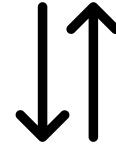
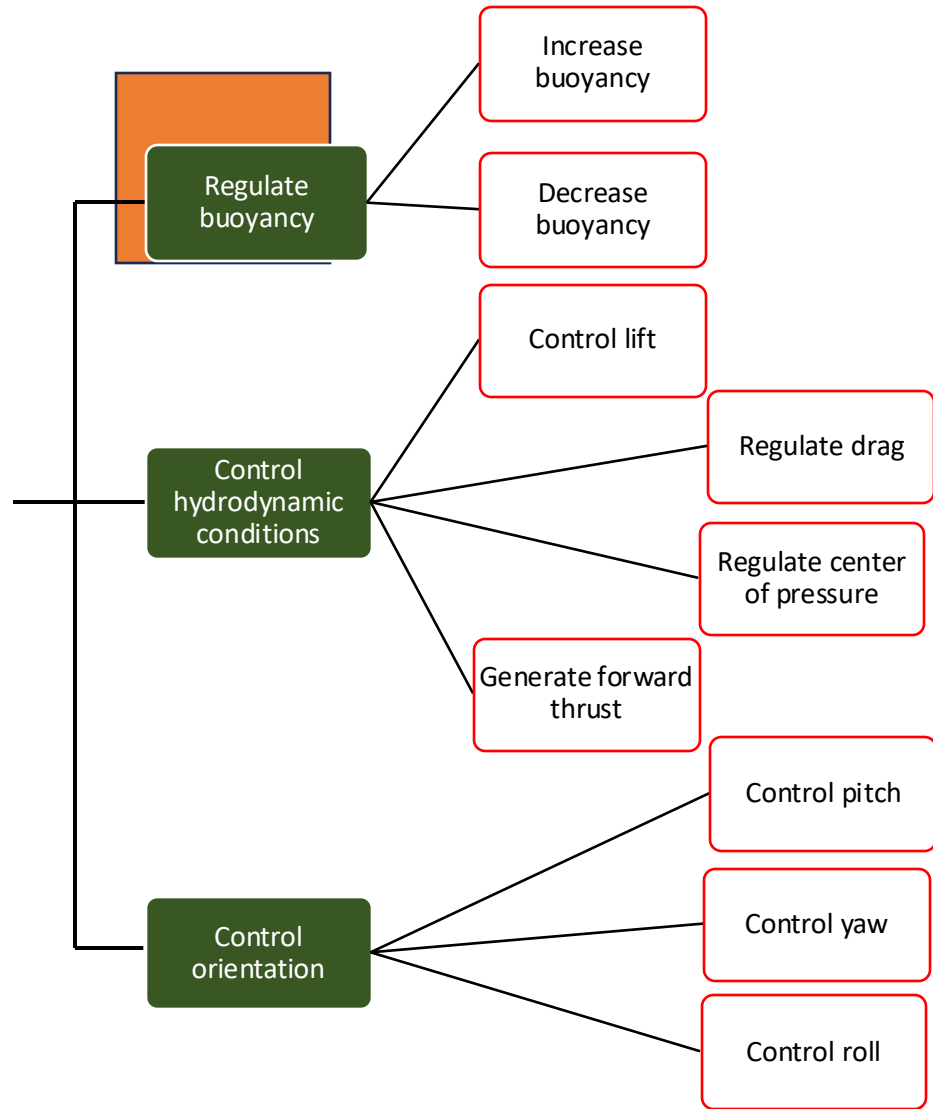
- Computer simulations that test oceanic conditions and design considerations.
- Optimal pathing of glider is simulated to reduce energy cost.
- Structural simulations ensure glider won't fail under loads.

Functional Decomposition



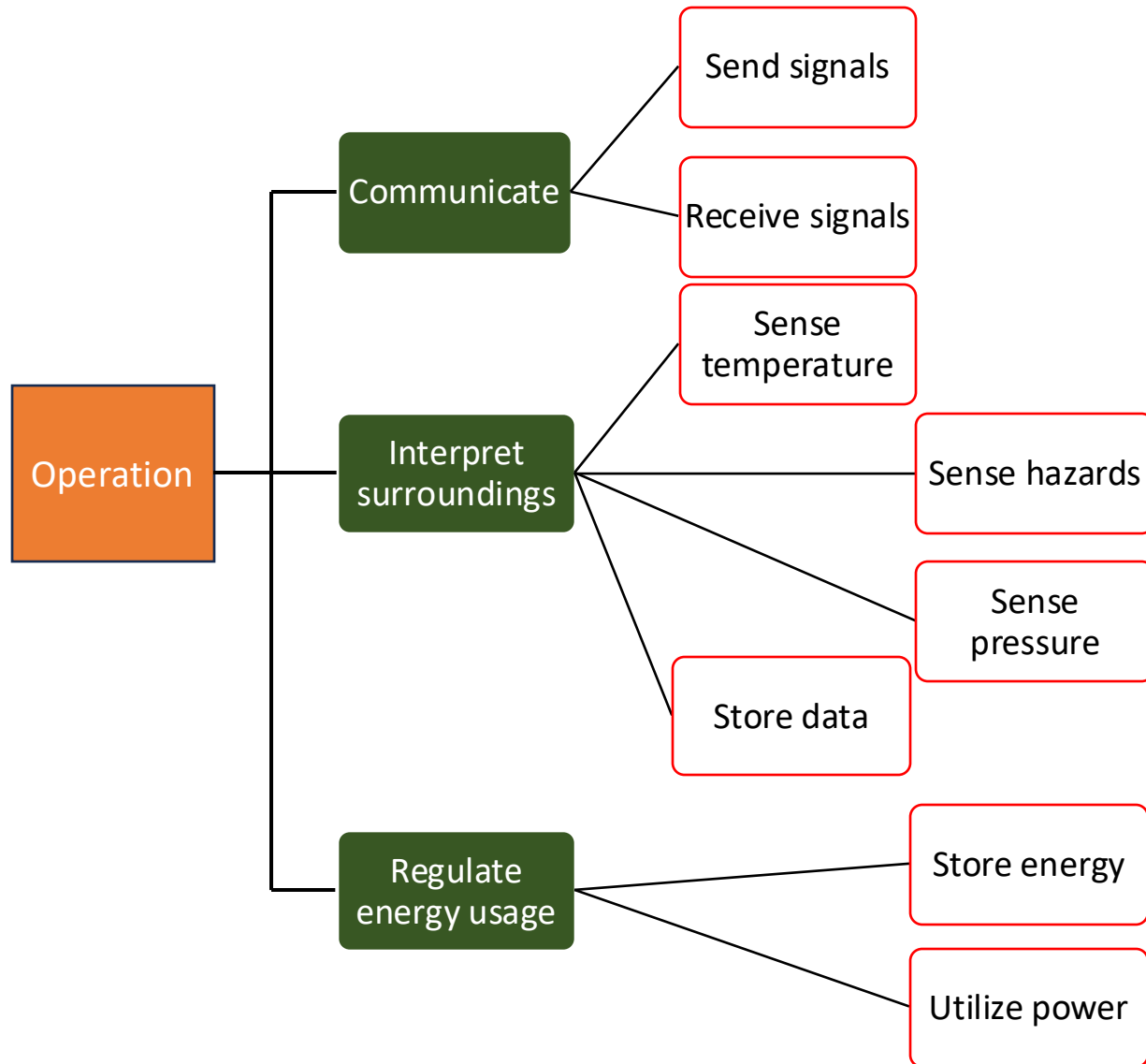
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Functional Decomposition



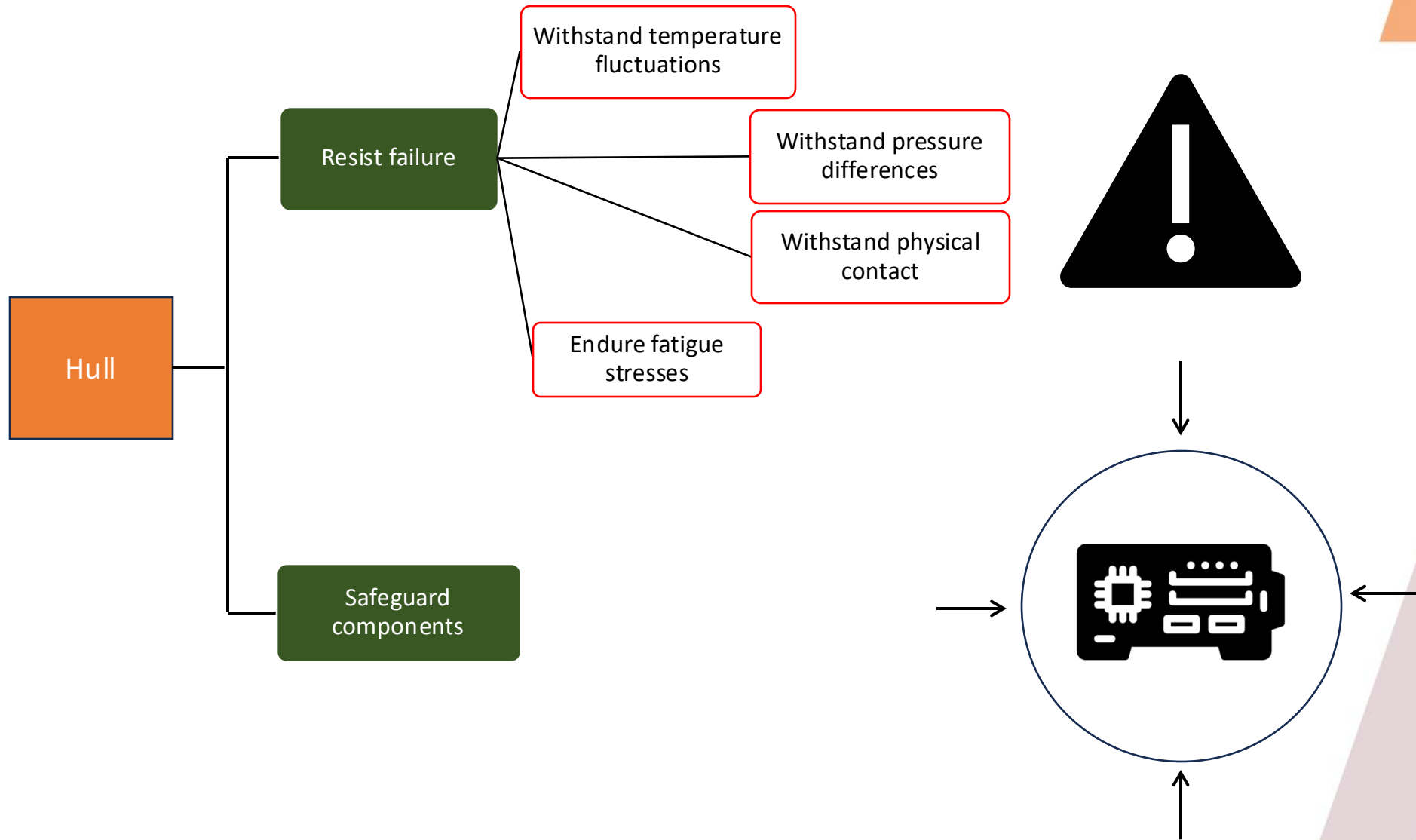
Jake Burns

Functional Decomposition



Jake Burns

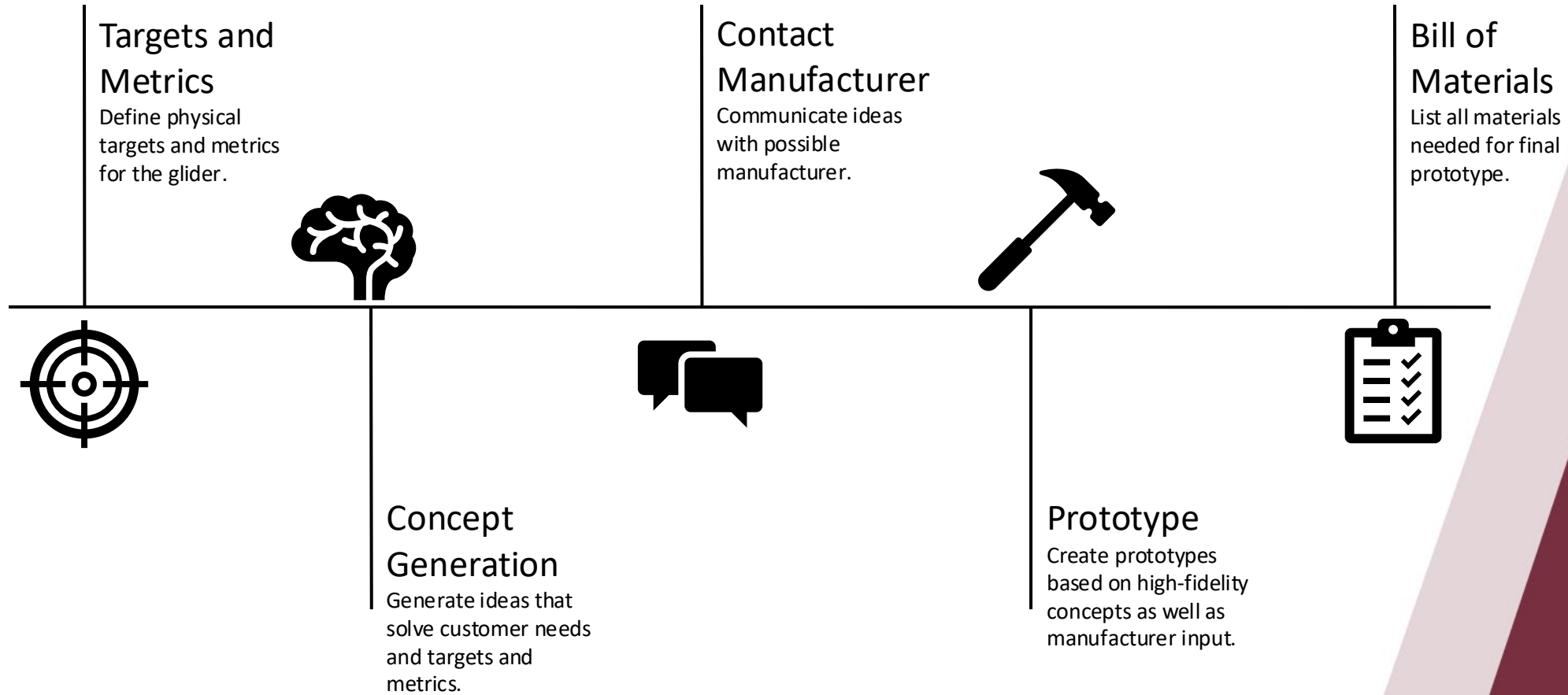
Functional Decomposition



Jake Burns

Future Work

Jake Burns



Contact Us on LinkedIn

Jake Burns



Tristan Hardy



Nicolas Lorin



Justin Sepulveda



Martin White

