

MIDTERM 1 SPRING THERMAL STORAGE

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VERDICORP

ORGANIC RANKINE CYCLE POWER SYSTEMS

- BUILDS MODULAR VAPOR POWER CYCLES
- RUNS FROM WASTE OR LOW TEMPERATURE HEAT SOURCES
- USES ENVIRONMENTALLY FRIENDLY FLUIDS (R245A)



Figure 1. Image of Verdicorp ORC System

NEED

DEPENDING ON WASTE OR RENEWABLE HEAT SOURCES CAUSES:

- UNRELIABLE POWER OUTPUT
- LIMITS RUNNING TIME TO THAT OF THE FUEL SOURCE
- DECREASES SYSTEM EFFICIENCY

SOLVE BY INCLUSION OF THERMAL ENERGY STORAGE

GOAL: TO PRODUCE A COMMERCIALY VIABLE THERMAL STORAGE SOLUTION FOR VERDICORP'S RANKINE CYCLE UTILIZING ENVIRONMENTALLY FRIENDLY MATERIALS.

SYSTEM OVERVIEW

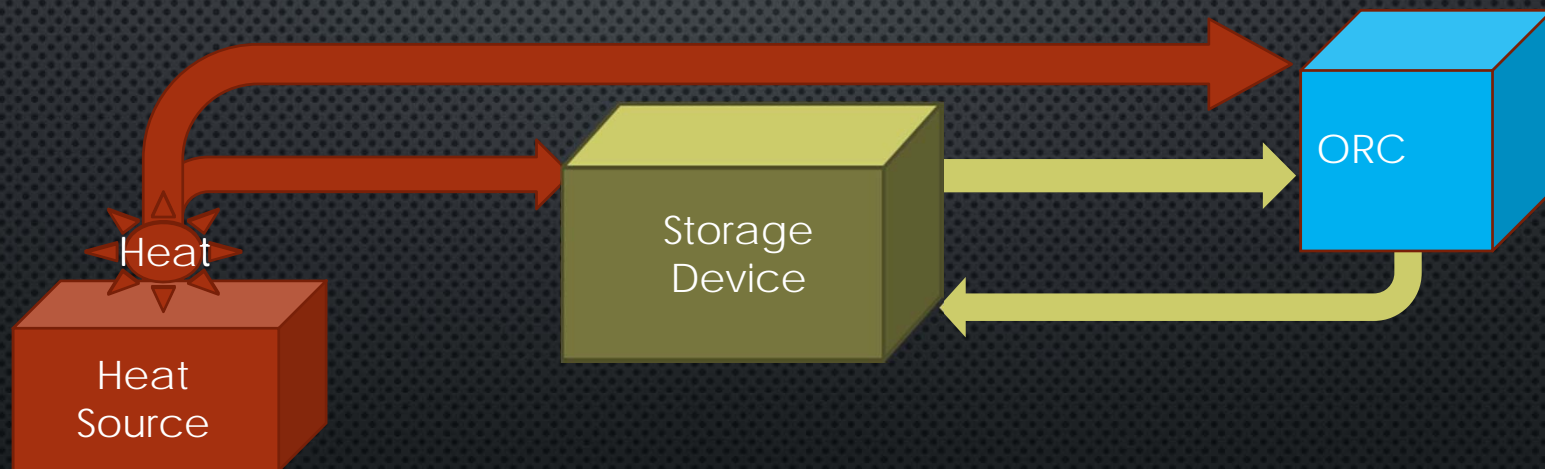


Figure 2. Overall System Diagram

THERMAL ENERGY STORAGE

STORAGE OF ENERGY FOR LATER USE:

- STABILIZES THE SYSTEM OUTPUT
- EXTENDS THE OPERATION TIME
- RESPONDS TO DEMAND
- INCREASES EFFICIENCY; THUS DECREASING COST
- FORMS OF STORAGE: SENSIBLE OR LATENT

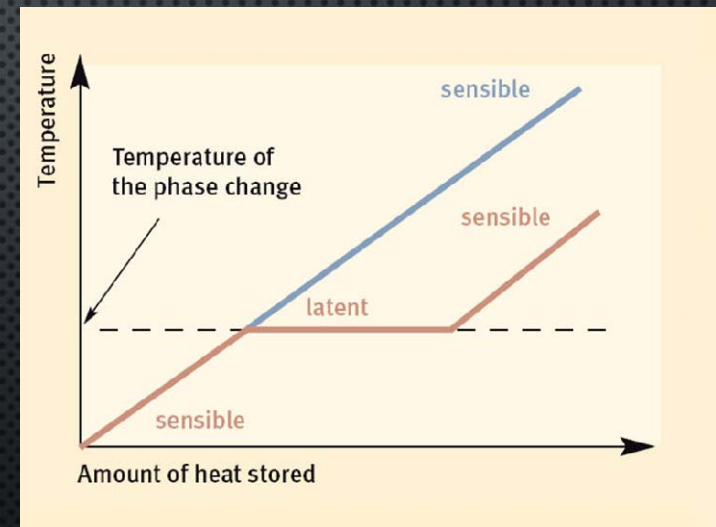


Figure 2. Heat Storage Forms

LATENT HEAT STORAGE

- BASED ON SHELL-AND-TUBE HEAT EXCHANGER
- TRANSFER FLUID TRANSFER HEAT TO/FROM PHASE CHANGE MATERIALS
- FULL SIZE: 37.8GJ MODEL: 19.8kJ
- SCALE: 1/1900TH
- CAPSULE SCALE: 1/20TH

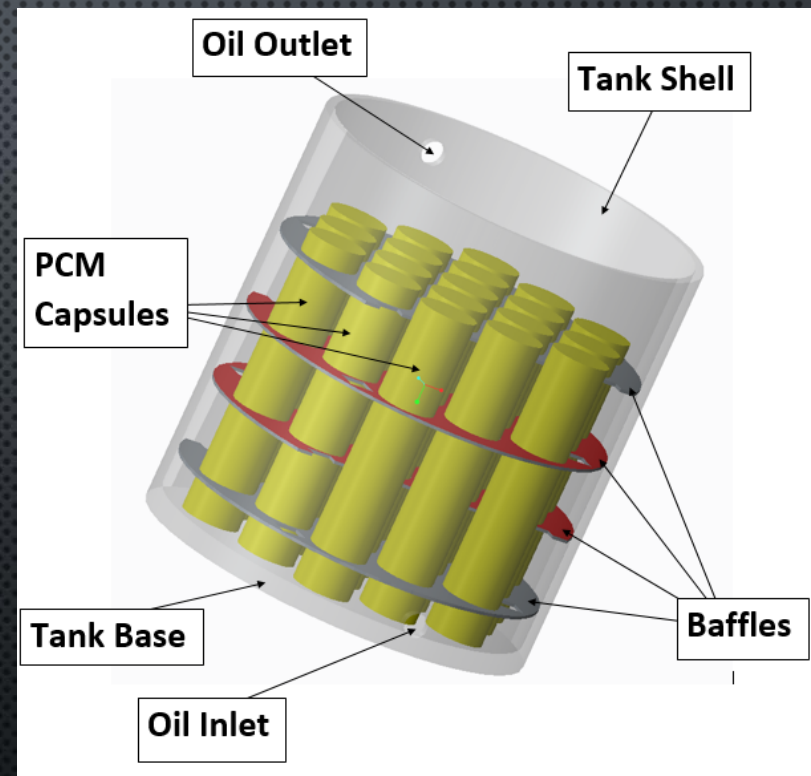


Figure 4. Model of Latent Heat Storage Device

SYSTEM SCHEMATIC OF TESTING EQUIPMENT

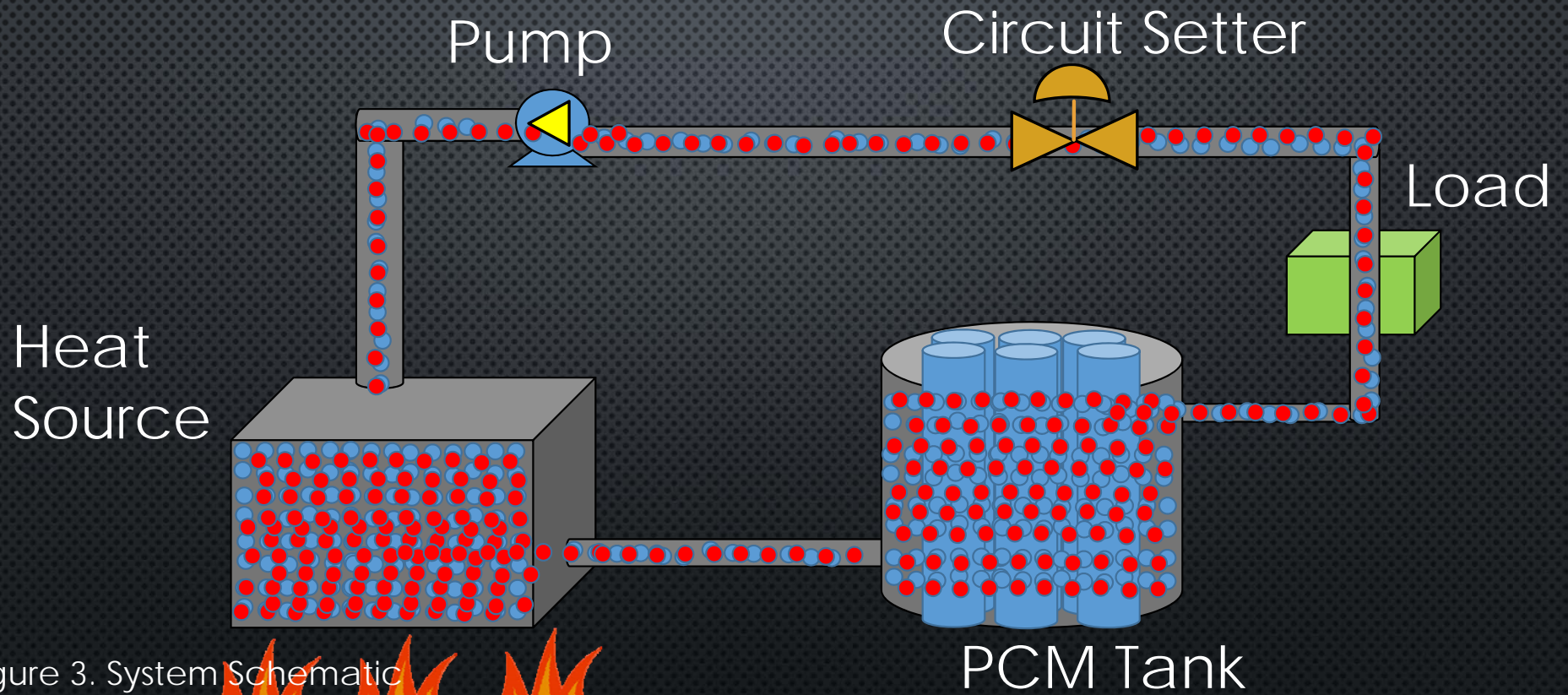
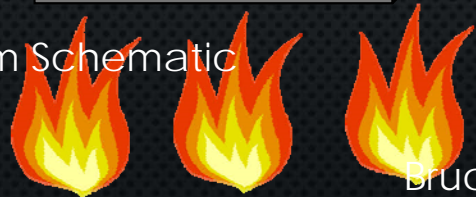


Figure 3. System Schematic



Bruce Orozco

CHARGE TIME

ASSUMPTIONS:

- THERMOPHYSICAL PROPERTIES ARE INDEPENDENT OF TEMPERATURE.
- THE PCM IS HOMOGENEOUS AND ISENTROPIC AS BOTH LIQUID AND SOLID
- PCM TEMPERATURE IS UNIFORM ACROSS SHELL AREA
- PERFECTLY INSULATED

METHOD:

1. AVERAGE FLUID VELOCITY
2. EFFECTIVE FLOW AREA
3. AVERAGE MASS FLOW
4. USE LMTD AND MASS FRACTION RELATION

$$\Delta T \cong 30 \text{ mins}$$

HEAT LOSS

- FIND OVERALL CONVECTIVE HEAT TRANSFER COEFFICIENT FOR ENTIRE SHELL
- FIND THE TOTAL RESISTANCE OF THE SYSTEM.
- USE ONE DIMENSIONAL TO FIND HEAT FLUX OUT OF SHELL
- DIVIDE THE TOTAL ENERGY OF THE SYSTEM BY THE HEAT LOSS

$$\dot{Q}_{loss} \cong 210 W$$

$$time \cong 7 hrs$$

SYSTEM SCHEMATIC OF TESTING EQUIPMENT

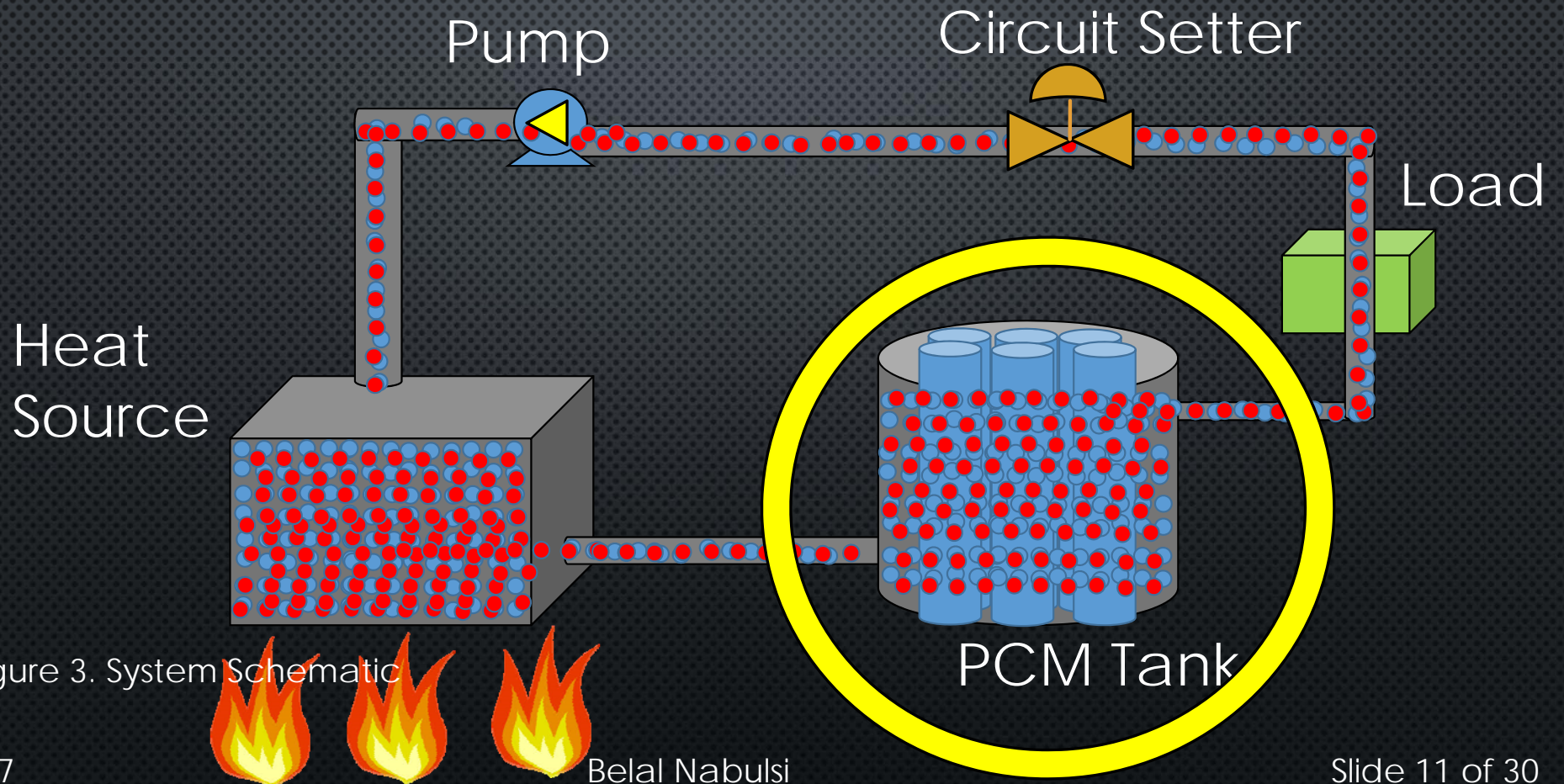


Figure 3. System Schematic



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Group 17

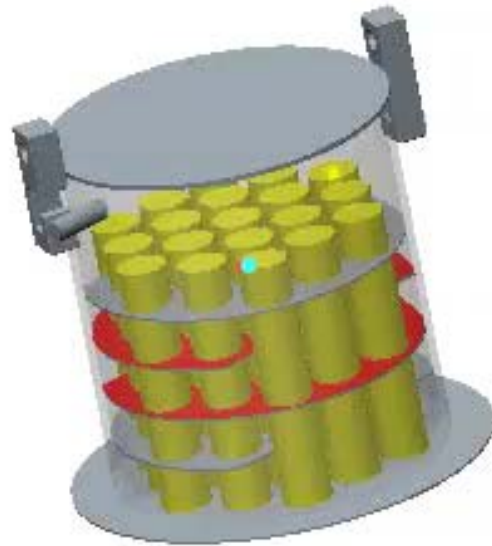
FLUID FLOW: SINGLE SEGMENTAL

- FLUID FLOW IS DICTATED BY BAFFLES
- BAFFLE CUTS ARE 30% OF TANK INSIDE DIAMETER
- SPACING IS $1/5$ THE TANK INSIDE DIAMETER
 - 3.05 IN APART
- TUBE PITCH IS THE CENTER-TO-CENTER DISTANCE OF EACH TUBE
 - 1.25 TIMES OUTSIDE DIAMETER OF TUBE



Figure 5. Animation of Fluid Flow in Shell

SINGLE SEGMENTAL CONFIGURATION



FLUID FLOW: DISK AND DOUGHNUT

- ANNULAR AREA BETWEEN DISK AND SHELL IS SAME AS AREA OF RING
- SPACING IS $1/5$ THE TANK INSIDE DIAMETER
 - 3.05 IN APART
- TUBE PITCH IS THE CENTER-TO-CENTER DISTANCE OF EACH TUBE
 - 1.25 TIMES OUTSIDE DIAMETER OF TUBE

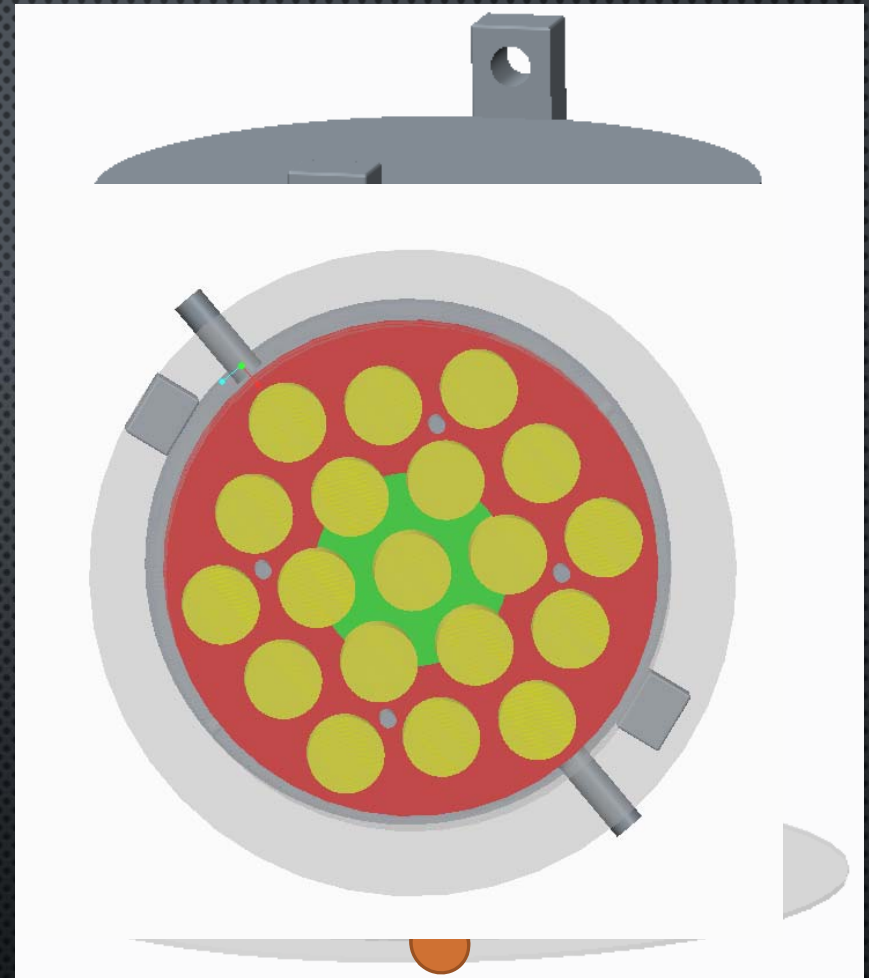
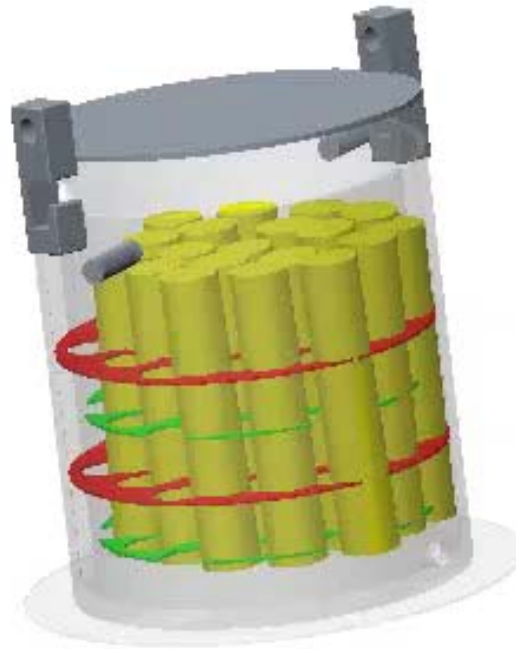


Figure 6. Animation of Fluid Flow in Shell

DISK AND DOUGHNUT CONFIGURATION



TWIST-ON LID DESIGN

- LATCH DESIGN ALLOWS FOR EASY REMOVAL OF LID
- WHEN LIFTED THE WELDED PEGS WILL LOCK INTO PLACE
- **REDUCES** MANUFACTURING TIME

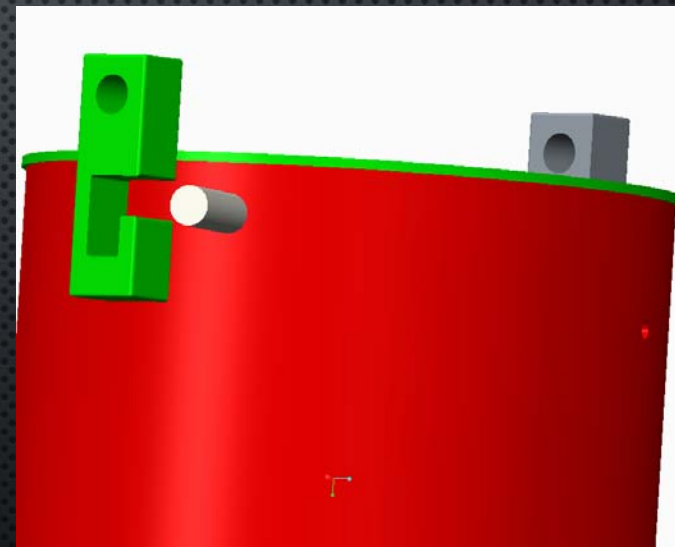


Figure 7. Proposed Lid Design

LATCH STRESS ANALYSIS

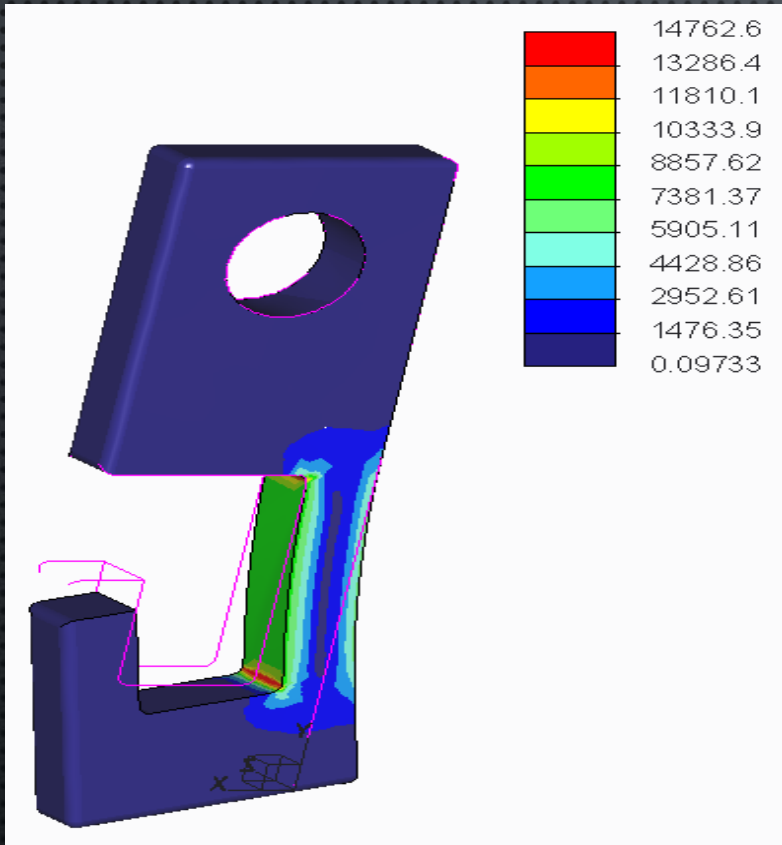


Figure 8. von Mises' Stress (psi)

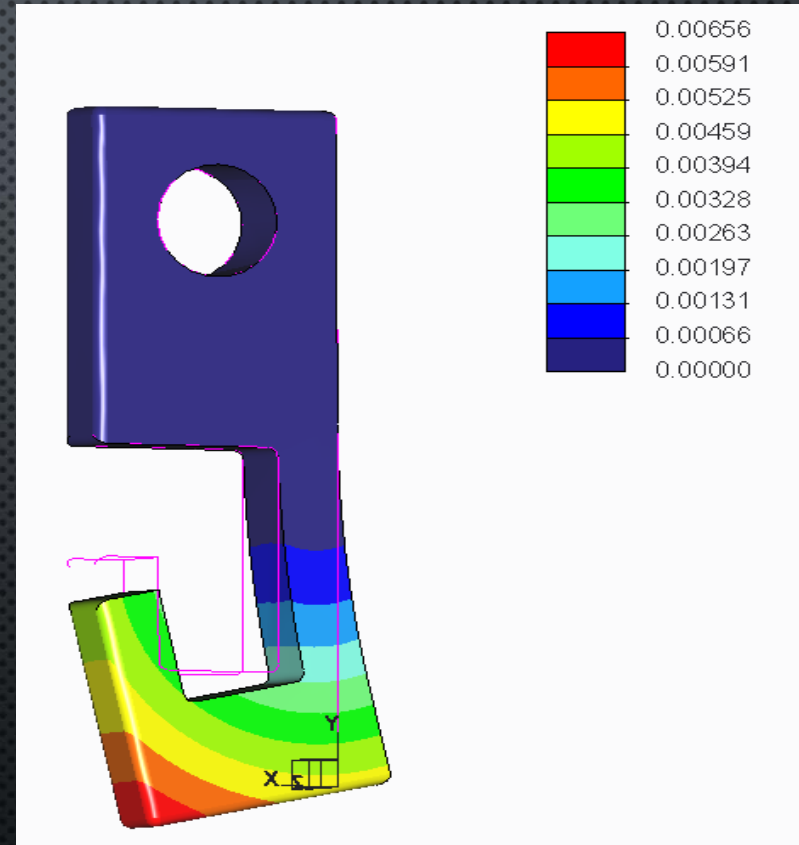


Figure 9. Displacement (in)

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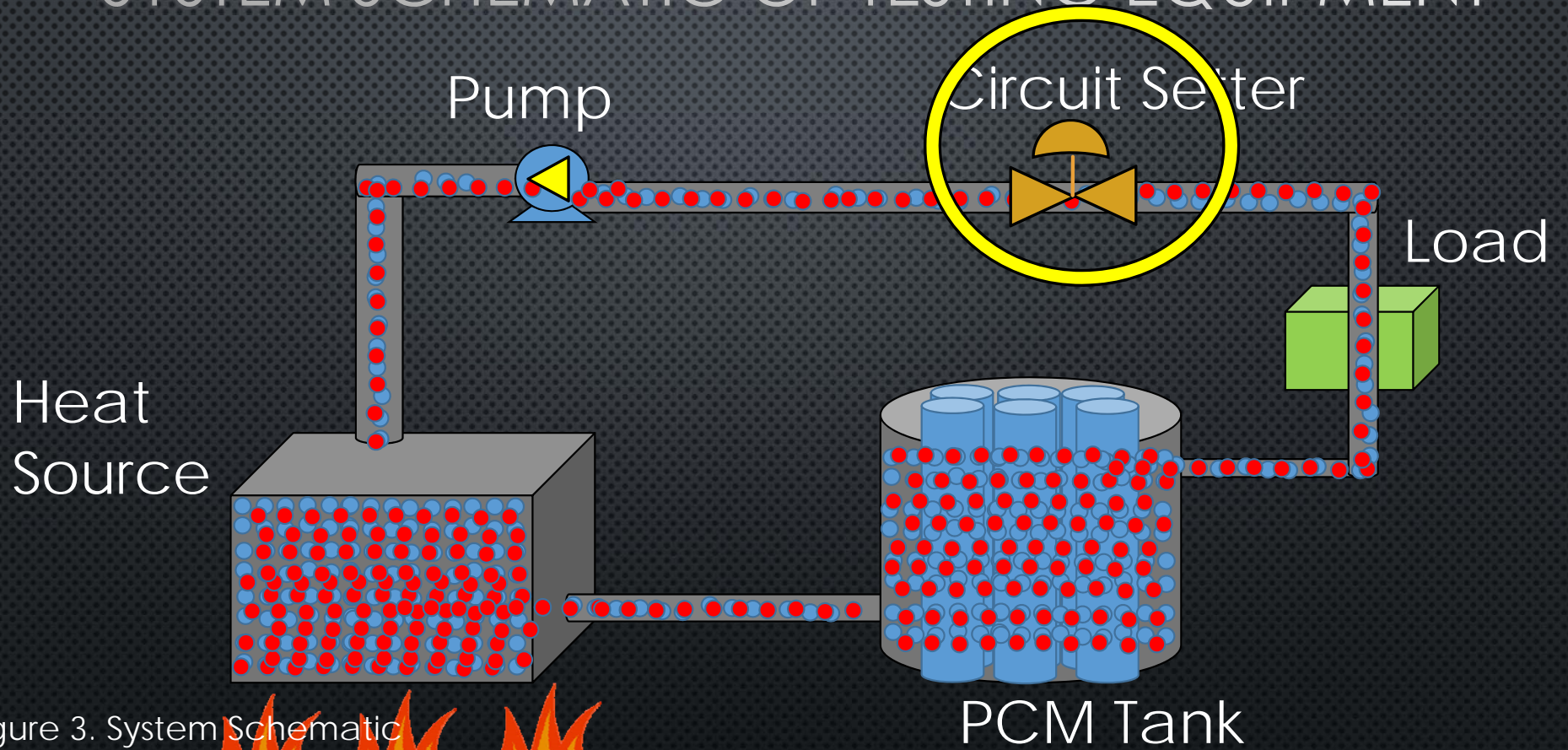


Figure 3. System Schematic



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FLOW METER VS. CIRCUIT SETTER

FLOW METER

- PROVIDE MEASUREMENTS OF THE FLOW RATE
- **BUT** CAN NOT CONTROL AND REGULATE THAT FLOW RATE
- REQUIRES ADDITIONAL THROTTLING VALVES TO CONTROL FLOW

CIRCUIT SETTER

- PROVIDES ACCURATE FLOW READINGS WITH MINIMAL IMPEDANCE
- REGULATES FLOW RATES
- **DOES NOT** REQUIRE ADDITIONAL VALVES

CIRCUIT SETTER

- CAN BE SET TO AUTOMATICALLY REGULATE FLOW RATES
- BUILT IN BALANCE VALVE
- **INCUR** LOW HEAD LOSS RELATIVE TO TYPICAL VALVES



Figure 10. Bell & Gossett Circuit Setters

SYSTEM SCHEMATIC OF TESTING EQUIPMENT

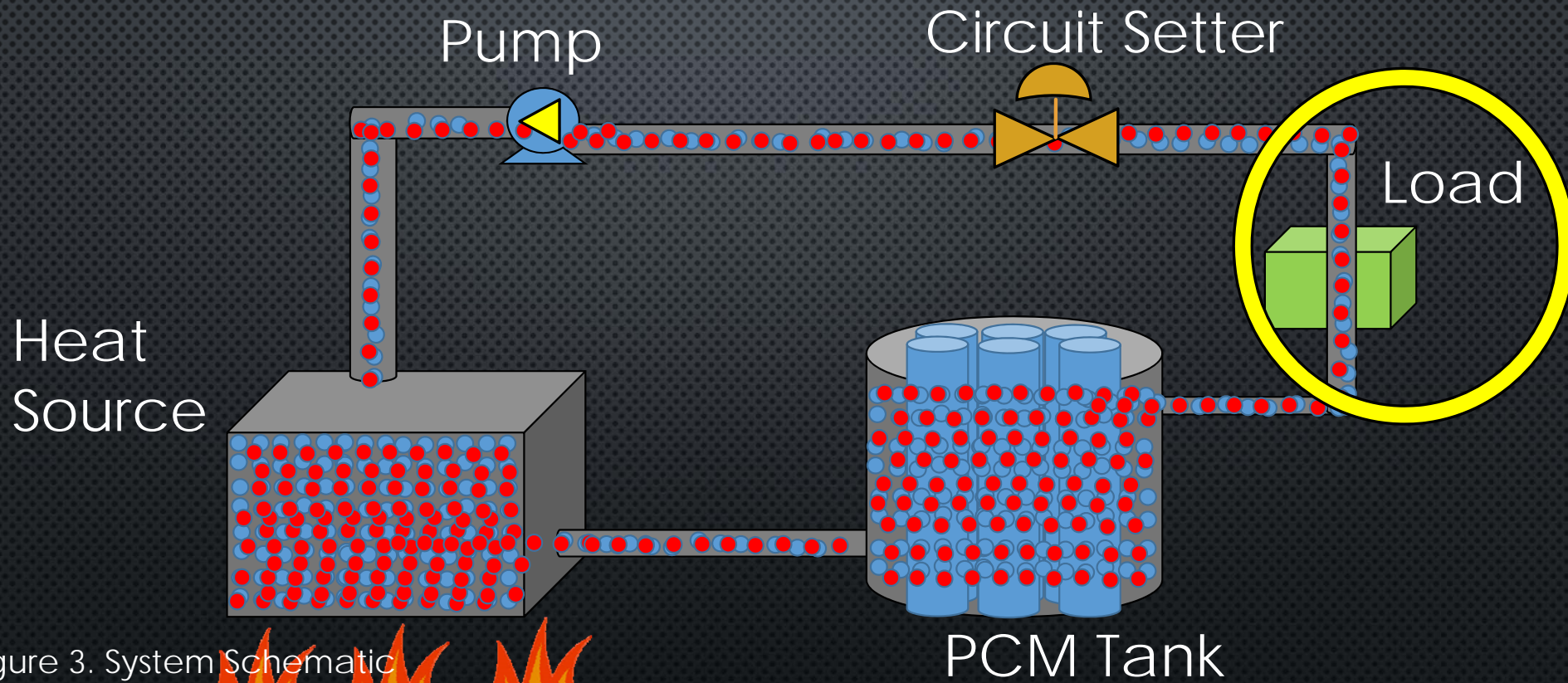
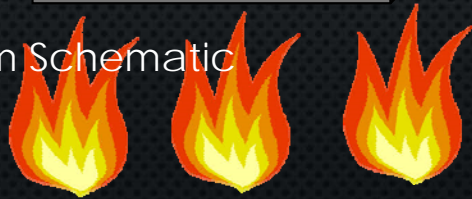


Figure 3. System Schematic



Cory Nelson

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HEAT EXCHANGER LOAD

LYTRON LIQUID TO AIR HEAT EXCHANGER

- PROVIDED BY VERDICORP
- RATED AT 255W
- PRODUCES A TEMPERATURE DROP OF 10°C



Figure 9. Lytron 6105G1SB-D9 Heat Exchanger

SYSTEM SCHEMATIC OF TESTING EQUIPMENT

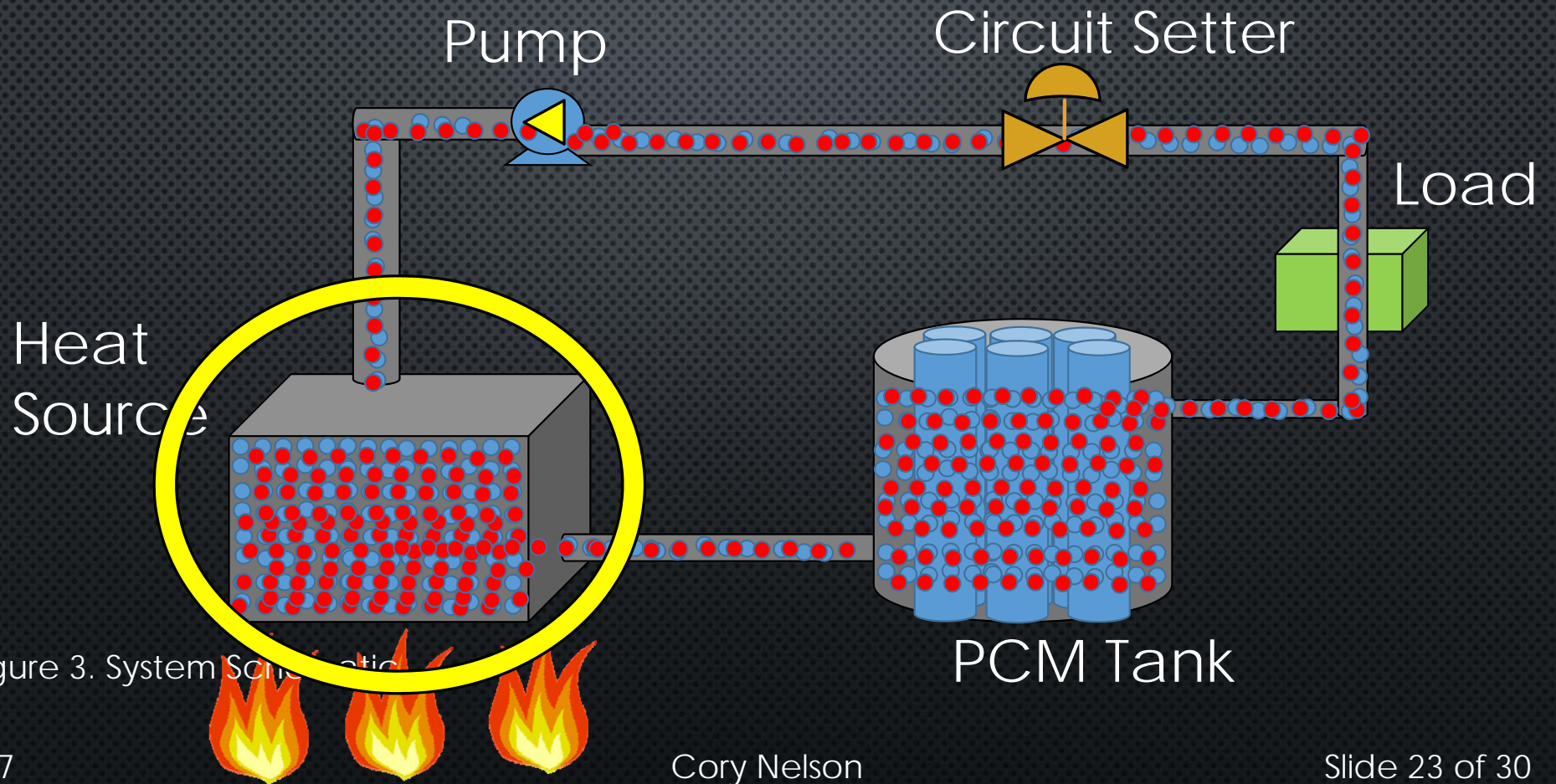


Figure 3. System Schematic

HEAT SOURCE

CARTRIDGE HEATER

- PROVIDED BY VERDICORP
- RATED AT 1000W EACH ONLY 1 IS NEEDED AT STEADY STATE
- USING $Q = \dot{m}C_p(230^\circ\text{C}) \approx 6,000\text{W}$
- NEED UP TO 6 CARTRIDGES TO HAVE SPEEDY START UP TIME



Figure 10. Generic Cartridge Heaters

HEAT SOURCE

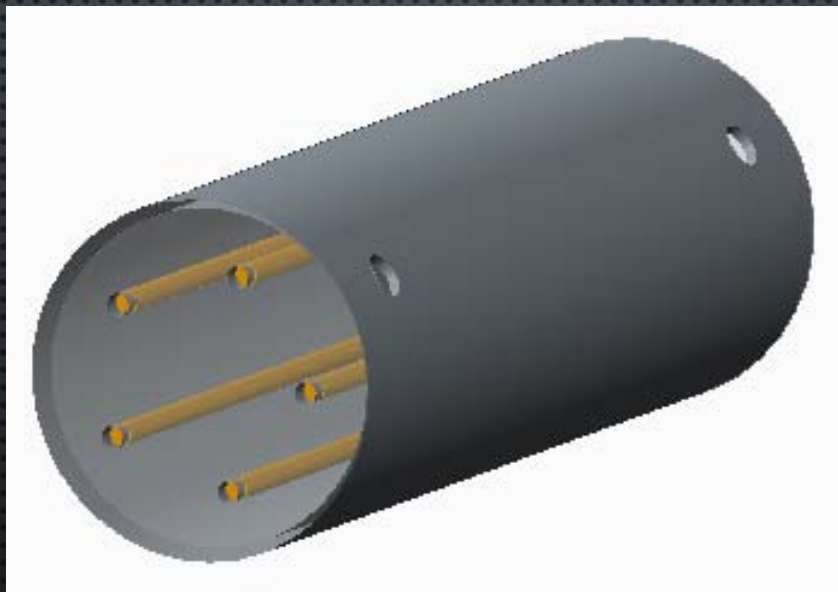


Figure 11. Generic Cartridge Heaters

WHAT ABOUT
THE MONEY?!?!?



Item/Product Number	Description	Quantity	Rate	Amount	Shipping	Total	Date of Purchase
1.)Purchased	Dynalene MS-1 Molten Salt for thermal storage in Granular Solids (50lbs)	50	\$ 6.00	\$ 300.00	\$ 180.00	\$ 480.00	1/6/2015
2.)Purchased	Duratherm HF - 5 gallon pail	2	\$ 203.05	\$ 406.10	\$ 36.74	\$ 442.84	1/10/2015
4). Purchased	High-Temperature Mineral Wool Insulation, 24"x48"	3	\$ 13.35	\$ 40.05	\$ 10.00	\$ 50.05	1/27/2015
Yet to be purchased (supplier)							
6.) 4548k177 (McMaste-Carr)	5" Standard-wall Stainless Steel Threaded Pipe Type 316	6	\$ 8.56	\$ 51.36			
7.) 4452k414 (McMaste-Carr)	90 Degree 1/2" Pipe Elbows Type 316 Steel	2	\$ 8.16	\$ 16.32			
8.) (onlinemetals.com)	Hot Rolled steel Plate 1/8" Thick (36"x48")	2	\$ 86.89	\$ 173.78	\$ 75.00		
9.) (onlinemtals.com)	Hot Rolled steel Plate 1/4" Thick (24"x 48")	1	\$ 147.72	\$ 147.72	\$ 75.00		
10.) 93565A130 (McMaster-Carr)	6 ft Stainless Steel Threaded Rod	1	\$ 43.22	\$ 43.22			
11.) 4452k238 (McMaster-carr)	1/2" Pipe Caps Type 316 Stainless Steel	2	\$ 4.54	\$ 9.08			
Projected Cost							
					\$ 1,564.37		
Total Spent						\$ 972.89	
Total Remaining						\$ 1,027.11	

WHAT'S NEXT

- COMPLETE SIMULATION IN MATLAB
- FINALIZE PURCHASES
- START BUILDING
- START TESTING

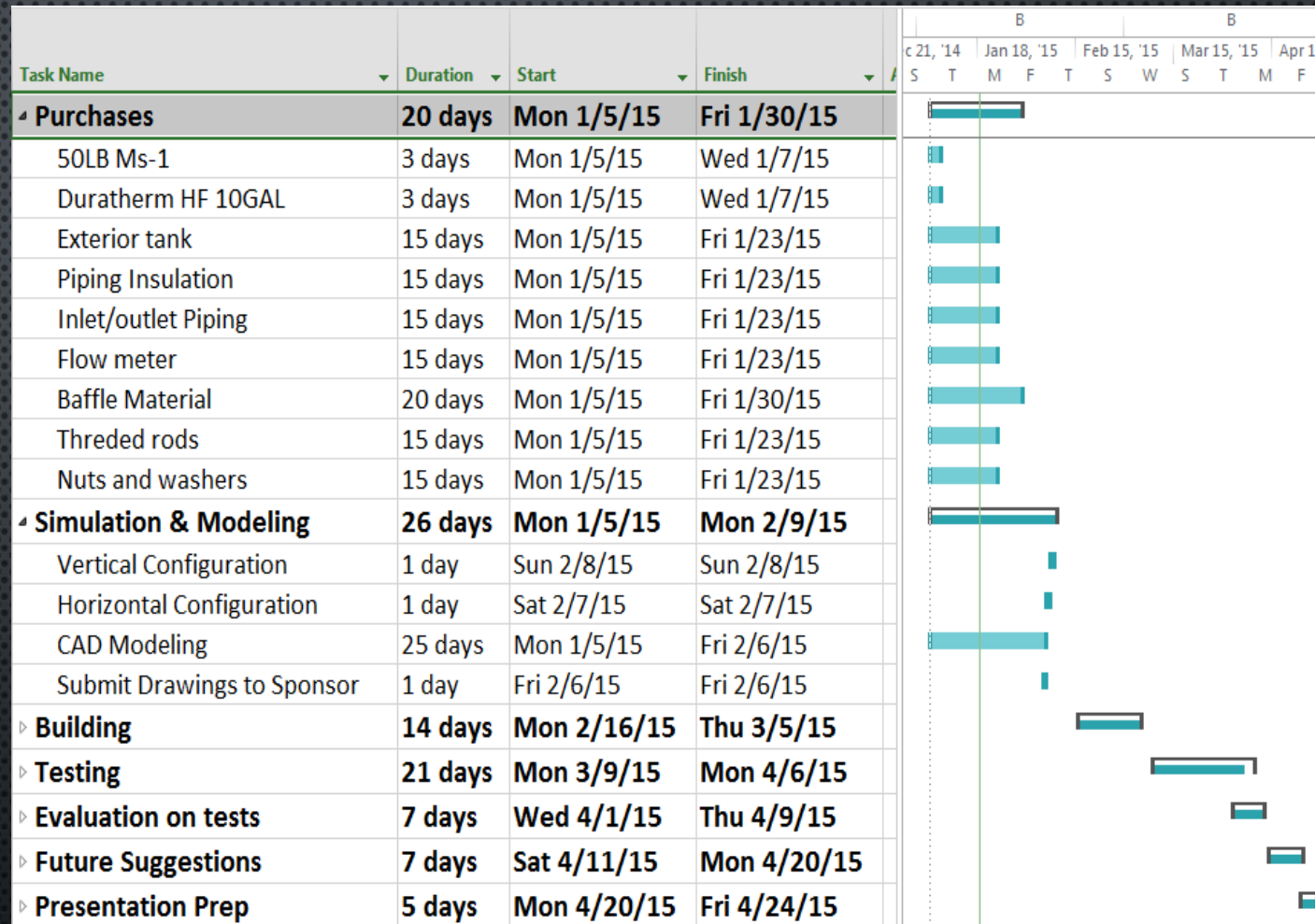


Figure 12. Team Scheduling

RESOURCES

- HASNAIN, S.M., "REVIEW ON SUSTAINABLE THERMAL ENERGY STORAGE TECHNOLOGIES, PART 1: HEAT STORAGE MATERIALS AND TECHNIQUES," *ENERGY CONVERSION MGMT.*, VOL. 39 No. 11 PP1127-1138, 1997.
- SHARMA, ATUL, TYAGI, V.V., CHEN, C.R., BUDDHI, D., "REVIEW ON THERMAL ENERGY STORAGE WITH PHASE CHANGE MATERIALS AND APPLICATIONS," *RENEWABLE AND SUSTAINABLE ENERGY REVIEWS* 13, PP318-345, 2009.
- CENGEL, YUNUS, AND CIMBALA, JOHN M., AND TURNER, ROBERT, *FUNDAMENTALS OF THERMAL FLUID SCIENCES*, 4TH ED., NEW YORK, NEW YORK, 2011
- MUKHERJEE, R , (2014, DECEMBER 20) *EFFECTIVELY DESIGN SHELL-AND-TUBE HEAT EXCHANGERS. (1ST ED.)* [ONLINE] AVAILABLE:
[HTTP://WWW.MIE.UTH.GR/EKP_YLIKO/CEP_SHELL_AND_TUBE_HX.PDF](http://www.mie.uth.gr/EKP_YLIKO/CEP_SHELL_AND_TUBE_HX.PDF)

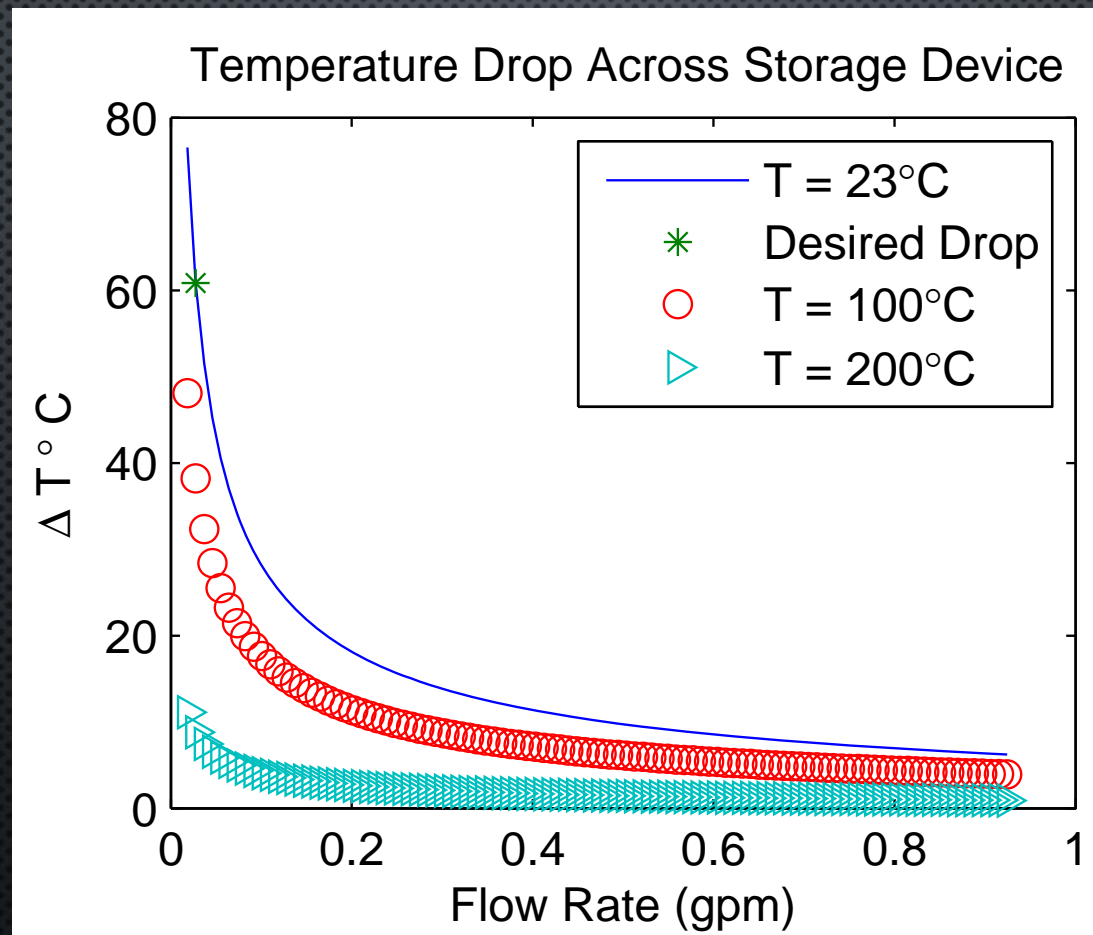


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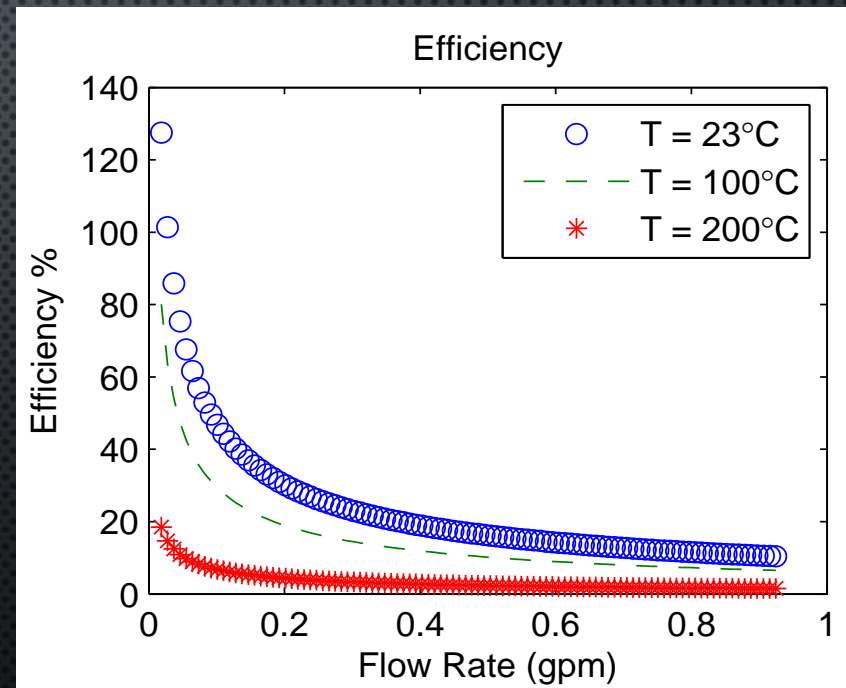
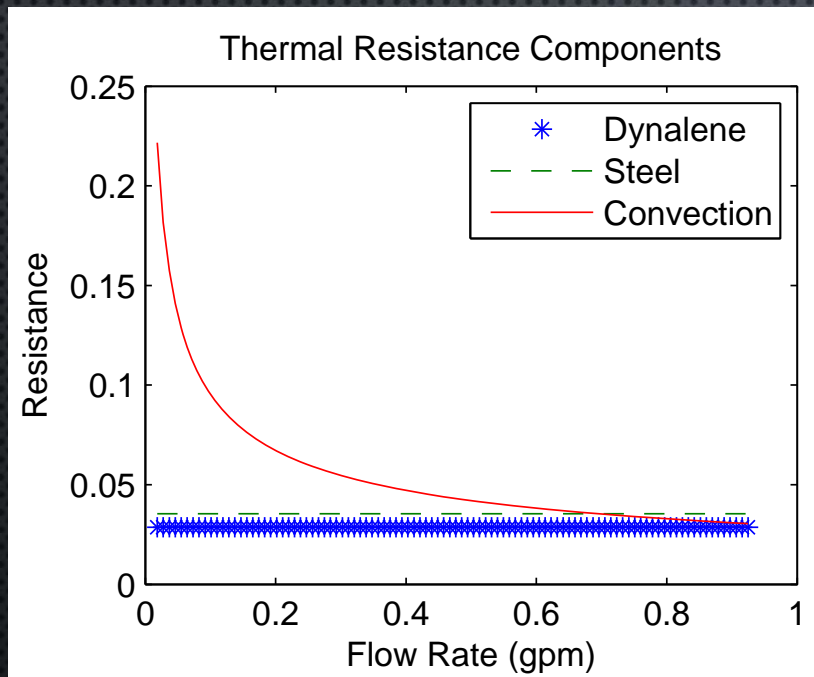
Appendix
Follows

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OPERATION POINT



INNOVATION



STORAGE MEDIUM & TRANSFER FLUID

DYNALENE MS-1

- MOLTEN SALT WITH MINIMAL CORROSION TO STAINLESS STEEL
- STABLE THERMAL PROPERTIES THROUGHOUT OPERATION TEMPERATURE RANGE
- 3% EXPANSION ALLOWS FOR HIGHER POWER DENSITY PER CAPSULE

DURATHERM HF

- PETROLEUM BASED
- HIGH OXIDATION RESISTANCE
- LOW VISCOSITY
- AVAILABLE AT THE PRICE OF SYNTHETIC CAR OIL
- FLASH POINT OF 275°C