# Senior Design Team 20 Solar Powered Phase-Change Compressor

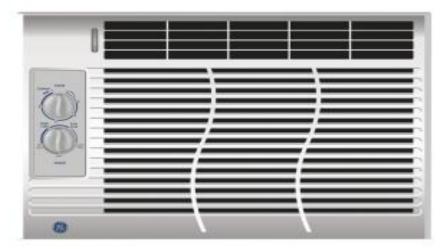
# Conceptual Design Review November 1, 2012

Addison Bender Jesse Diaz Emmanuel Ferdinand

**Sponsor: Grant Peacock** 

### **PROJECT DEFINITION**

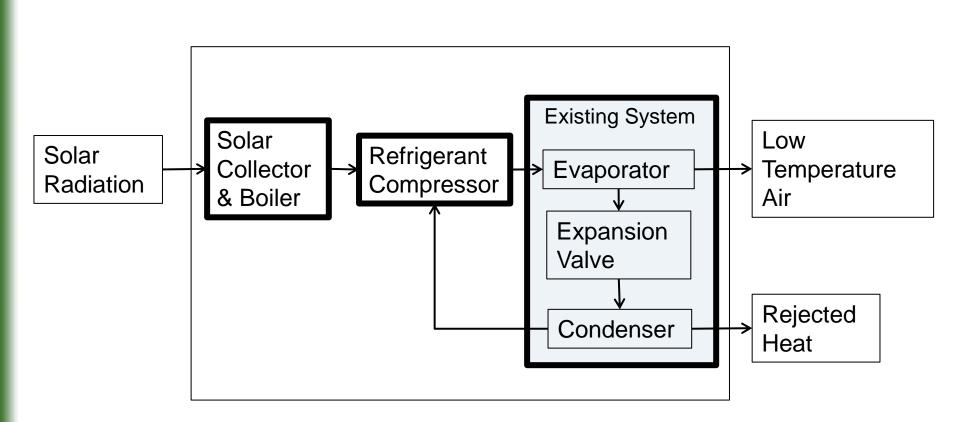
- Need Statement: Design a compressor for a refrigeration system that is powered by solar energy.
- Objective: 5,000 BTU/hr of cooling (1465 W)
- Solar-Thermal Driven
- Project Budget: \$2000



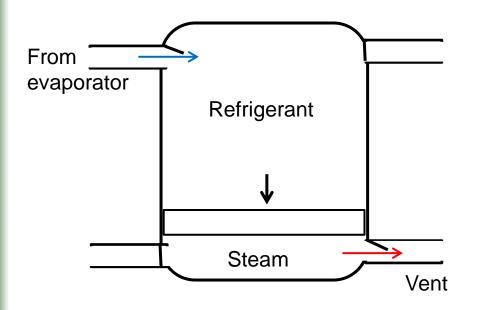
#### Figure 1: GE 115 Volt 5,000 BTU A/C

2

### **PROJECT SCOPE**



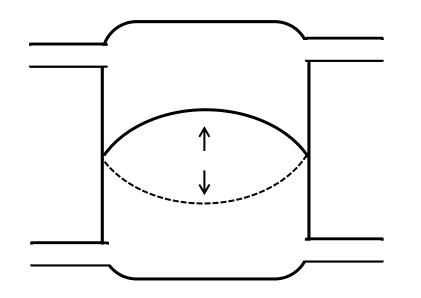
## **COMPRESSOR CONCEPT**



- Pressure from boiler raises the piston and compresses refrigerant.
- Steam is vented and refrigerant is drawn into compressor.
- Vent is closed, cycle repeats.

- What frequency could such a system achieve?
- Design displacement will depend on the frequency the system is capable of.
- How can valves be controlled?

### **COMPRESSOR DESIGN: PISTON VERSUS MEMBRANE**



#### Elastic Membrane

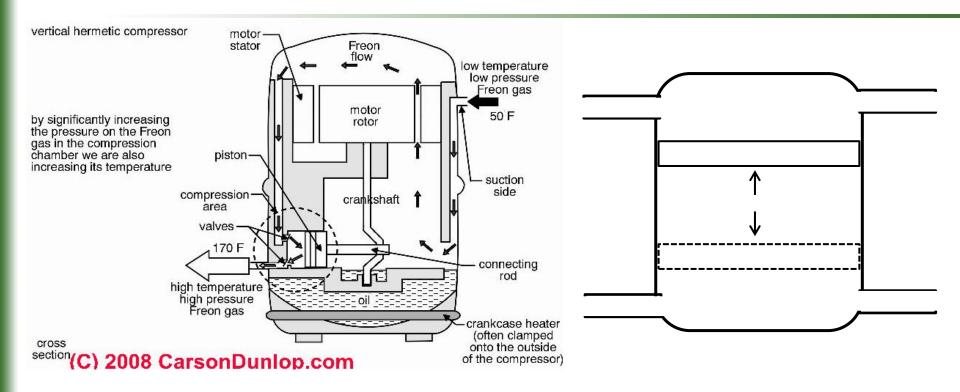
#### Pros:

- Tolerance not critical
- Each side is sealed from the other

#### Cons:

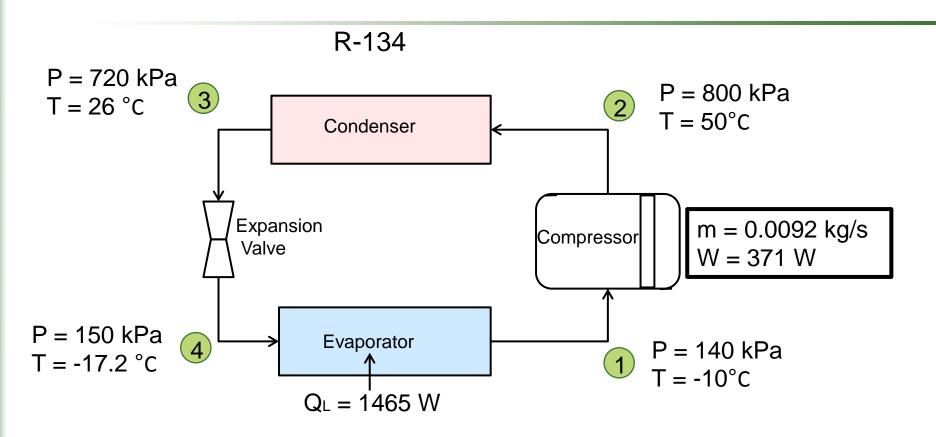
- Must be resistant to high temperature
- Strength must not degrade after multiple cycles
- Smaller displacement than piston

### **Compressor Design: Piston versus Membrane**



- Typical AC compressor uses crank-driven piston.
- Is there a device available that has the components of our proposed concept?

### **VAPOR-COMPRESSION CYCLE MODEL**

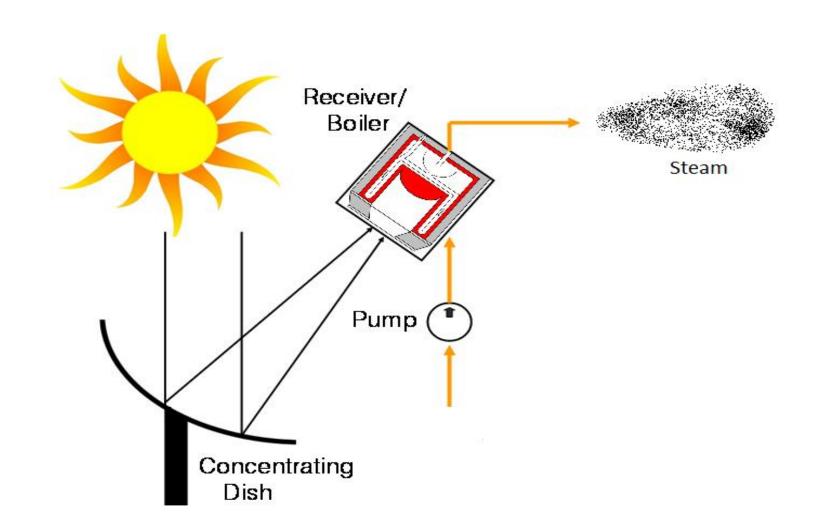


• Plan to consult AC technician to determine the Temperature limits and Pressure in a real system.

From Cengel p.397

7

### **STEAM GENERATION**



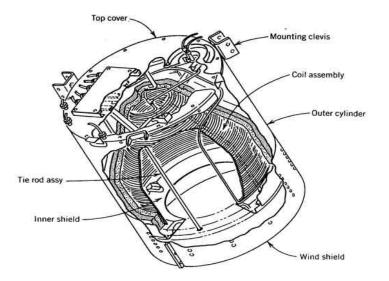
### PARABOLIC DISH

- Constructed from fiberglass
- Coated with adhesive ReflecTech (94% reflective)
- Withstand various weather conditions



### **RECEIVER/BOILER**

- Cavity receiver
- Has an aperture through which the reflected solar radiation passes through
- Absorbed through inner walls in working fluid (sodium nitrate)



## **STEAM GENERATION**

#### **Achievements**

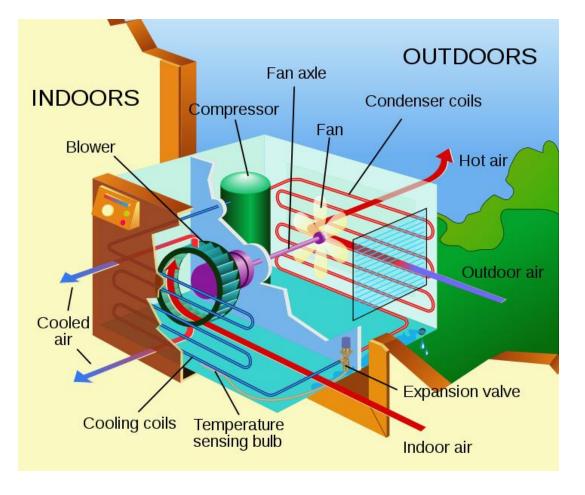
- ► Temp ≈ 325 C
- Pressure ≈ 80 psi

#### <u>Issues</u>

- Thermal loss due to connection
- Availability of Dascomb's system

# **AIR CONDITIONER UNIT**

- Refrigerant cycle
- Electrical system
- Coupled Systems



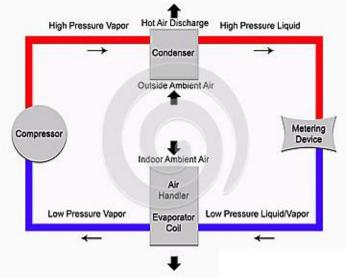
## **REFRIGERANT CYCLE**

#### Recap

- Low Pressure Refrigerant
  - High Refrigerant Pressure < Steam Pressure</p>
- Mass Flow must be carefully calibrated

#### Questions

- Banned / Toxic / Unusable refrigerants
- Changing Refrigerant types in a system
  - Piping change?
  - Dangers
- Mass flow Calibration
  - Skewedness allowed?



## REFERENCES

- 1.Photovoltaic Supply System info: <u>http://tlc.howstuffworks.com/home/question418.htm</u>
- 2. Dascomb, John. 2009. Low-cost concentrating solar collector for steam generation. Thesis (M.S.)--Florida State University, 2009. <u>http://etd.lib.fsu.edu/theses/available/etd-04142009-100533/</u>
- 3.Google Patent of Sponsor's Design: <u>http://www.google.com/patents/US20100192568?pg=PA1&dq=grant+peacock&h</u> <u>l=en&sa=X&ei=jViIUOT4H4PY8gT2i4CoBQ&ved=0CDEQ6AEwAQ#v=onepage</u> <u>&q=grant%20peacock&f=false</u>
- 4. Pressure difference needed for compressor: <u>http://inspectapedia.com/aircond/aircond15j.htm</u>
- 5. Amtrol Expansion Tank specs: <u>http://parksupplyofamerica.com/gproduct.php?id=VR30F</u>

### ANY QUESTIONS?



15