

# 7.21

## 1 7.21, §1 Asked

**Given:** The basis vectors

$$v_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad v_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad v_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -4 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

**Asked:** Find (a) an orthogonal basis for the space spanned by  $\vec{v}_1$ ,  $\vec{v}_2$ , and  $\vec{v}_3$ ; (b) an orthonormal basis for the space spanned by  $\vec{v}_1$ ,  $\vec{v}_2$ , and  $\vec{v}_3$ .

## 2 7.21, §2 Solution

Since an orthonormal basis *is* orthogonal, I only need do (b).

$$v_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad v_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad v_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -4 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

Normalize  $v_1$ :

$$\hat{v}_1 = \frac{\vec{v}_1}{\|\vec{v}_1\|} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

Get rid of the  $\hat{v}_1$ -components:

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{v}_2^* &= \vec{v}_2 - \hat{v}_1 \hat{v}_1^H \vec{v}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} 4 = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{v}_3^* &= \vec{v}_3 - \hat{i}'_1 \hat{i}'_1{}^H \vec{v}_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -4 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -4 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -4 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} (-2) = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ -3 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}\end{aligned}$$

Normalize  $v_2^*$ :

$$\hat{i}'_2 = \frac{\vec{v}_2^*}{\|\vec{v}_2^*\|} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \\ 0 \\ \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}} \end{pmatrix}$$

Get rid of the  $\hat{i}'_2$ -components:

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{v}_3^{**} &= \vec{v}_3^* - \hat{i}'_2 \hat{i}'_2{}^H \vec{v}_3^* = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ -3 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \\ 0 \\ \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} & 0 & \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ -3 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ -3 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \\ 0 \\ \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}} \end{pmatrix} \frac{-9}{\sqrt{6}} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{3}{2} \\ -3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}\end{aligned}$$

Normalize  $v_3^{**}$ :

$$\hat{i}'_3 = \frac{\vec{v}_3^{**}}{\|\vec{v}_3^{**}\|} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{5\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{3}{5\sqrt{2}} \\ -\frac{2}{5\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{5\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix}$$